

Hillsborough Recorder

Vol. XLV.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1868.

No. 2465.

UNION, THE CONSTITUTION AND THE LAWS—THE GUARDIANS OF OUR LIBERTIES.

MARRIED FLIRTATIONS.

The last dying cadences of a delicious dainty waltz, across whose weird notes the soul of Beethoven had poured out its magic sadness, were floating over the crowd that filled the ball room of the fashionable Washington hotel; there was the stir and murmur of separating couples, and the suppressed yawns of weary "wall flowers" that followed in the wake of every brilliant pair. Kate Elwyn stood in the recess of the window, playing carefully with the faded jessamines and tuberose of her bouquet, while her blue, lovely eyes wandered from one place to another, evidently in quest of some familiar countenance, which they could not discover.

There were few more beautiful faces than her own, even in that festive crowd, where half the belles of the union had brought their diamonds and bright eyes to dazzle the grave politicians and law-makers of the land. Rather beneath the medium size, with the fragile delicacy of a fairy, her complexion had the transparent whiteness of bloom that you look for only in children, while her heavy bands of golden hair lay over her somewhat low forehead in rippling waves of amber. Very dark blue eyes, translucent as a sapphire of the first water, and a little crimson mouth, carved like a cupid's bow, gave additional piquancy to her face, and altogether was as perfect a specimen of the radiant blonde as one sees out of a picture gallery or a novel.

Suddenly her cheeks blossomed into roses, her whole countenance brightened as a tall and rather elegant looking gentleman languidly sauntered toward her.

"Charley, I thought you never were coming!"

"I've only been down to the supper room for a few moments, my dear; I'm sorry you have missed me. Anything I can do for you now?"

"Yes,—do get my fan and shawl, and we'll go up stairs. It's after one o'clock, and I'm completely tired out."

"Couldn't, my dear," said Mr. Elwyn, breaking a moss rose from his wife's bouquet and fastening it jauntily into his coat. "I'm engaged for three waltzes and a quadrille. Miss Raymond would never forgive me for deserting her."

Kate's lips curled haughtily, and a deeper shade of crimson stole into her cheek.

"Jealous, eh?" laughed her husband, patting her bright hair lightly. "Now, Kate, that is a little too silly in you. Don't you know that at a place like this, a man is expected to make himself generally agreeable to the ladies? Pray, my dear, don't become so absurd and ridiculous as to—"

"And so," interrupted Mrs. Elwyn, bitterly, "your wife's wishes and conveniences are secondary to Miss Raymond's will."

"The green-eyed monster has certainly invaded your peace, my love," said Mr. Elwyn. "Upon my word, I have always given you credit for a little more common sense."

"Charles," said Kate quietly, and without heeding the careless sarcasm of his tone, "I am weary of this sound of senseless gaiety—I am sick of the tumult and vanities of Washington. Will you take me home?"

"Why, Kate! after all your anxiety to pass a winter in this great centre of social and political life! You have been teasing me ever since we were married to indulge you with a season in Washington."

"I know it, Charles," she meekly answered, trying to suppress the tears that were brimming in her eyes, "but I have at last learned the folly of seeking real pleasure anywhere but in the precincts of one's home. My taste for gaiety is satisfied, and you can't imagine how homesick I feel—how anxious to see the dear little ones again. When will you take me home, Charles?"

"Next week, perhaps, my love—or the week after, if you positively insist upon it."

"Oh, Charles, why not go to-morrow?"

"Impossible, Kate. I am positively engaged for every day this week, for drives and excursions in the neighborhood of the city."

"Engaged," repeated Kate, opening her blue eyes. "I knew nothing of these arrangements."

"No, my dear, I suppose not," said Elwyn, lazily. "Did you imagine I was going to come and ask your permission every time I wanted to drive out with a lady or smoke a cigar with two or three gentlemen?"

Kate's lips quivered and she turned quickly away. Charles Elwyn looked after her with an aroused expression in his eye and a half smile on his lip.

"She's jealous, as I live!" he muttered. "Jealous of Aurora Raymond and the pretty widow. Well, let her put it out at her leisure—it will not do to encourage this sort of thing."

If he could have seen her a few moments afterwards (just as he was whirling through the waltz with Miss Raymond's midnight curls floating over his shoulders,) sobbing in the silence of her own dimly lighted room, the golden hair all unloosened from her hair pin and jeweled comb, and her blue eyes looking like morning glories drowned in rain. Well, perhaps it would have done him good, perhaps not. It is not always best to let a man know the full extent of his power over that miserable little captive, his wife—it is astonishing how much the sex delights in tormenting its victim. There is always one blessed avenue of relief open to womankind, however,—a good cry! No wonder that Kate Elwyn felt better when she wiped away the shower of tears and brushed back the lovely rippling tresses from her fevered forehead.

"What shall I do?" she murmured to herself, deluging her handkerchief with rose water and trying vainly to cool her burning eyes: "what ought I to do? Oh, I wish I had never come away from home—it's a judgment on me, for leaving my dear little babies in the hands of cold hirelings. I was happy before I ever thought of this hollow, deceitful whirlpool of fashion."

She burst into fresh flood of tears, as she remembered her husband's last words.

"It was cruel of him to speak in that cold, sneering way to me," she sobbed.

"Have I lost all the charms he used to tell me I possessed? If he only knew how these things hurt me, I am sure he would treat me in a far different manner."

She sunk involuntarily back, as if some rude hand had struck her, as Miss Raymond's clear, melodious laugh, suddenly floated up audibly through the closed door of her room. And then she sat, her lips compressed together, and a new look came into the liquid depths of her wet blue eyes.

The gilded minute hand of the carved Parisian clock on the mantle had traveled nearly twice around the circle of enamelled figures before Kate Elwyn lifted her gaze from the bunches of velvet roses in the carpet. What was she pondering on?

"Sitting up, eh, Kate? Why, I thought you were 'tired to death,'" said Mr. Elwyn, as he entered the room, and his wife laid down her book and welcomed him with a bright, careless smile.

"Yes, I have been so much interested in that delightful book," exclaimed Kate, enthusiastically. "I do wish I knew whether Sir Guy gets the property or not."

"She has got over her sulks amazingly quick," was the husband's internal comment as he kicked off his boots and lazily unfastened his lavender neck tie.

"O, thank you, Mr. Elwyn, I've had such a charming ride!"

And Aurora Raymond sprang lightly from the carriage step, one tiny gloved hand resting lightly on Mr. Elwyn's arm, the other holding up the folds of her violet velvet mantle. He touched his hat gallantly as she tripped up the hotel steps, all smiles and dimples.

"I wonder if Kate would like a turn around Jackson Square before dinner," he said to himself, consulting his gold watch.

"I'll run up and see—poor little thing!"

He sprang up the stairs, two steps at a time, and burst into his wife's room.

"Put on your bonnet, puss, and we'll

take a ride," he exclaimed. "Hello, she isn't here—what the mischief does she mean?"

No, she was not there—neither was her blue velvet hat with the white ostrich plume, nor the magnificent Cashmere shawl that had been sent from India for her wedding present just five years ago, and Mr. Elwyn came slowly down stairs, again, feeling much inclined to get into a passion.

"Do you know where my wife is?" he asked Mrs. Altworth, a lady who spent one half of her time at the hotel windows and the other half catechizing the servants, and who consequently knew all that was to be known concerning people's outgoings and incomings generally.

"She's out riding in Colonel Warrington's barouch—been gone ever since morning," returned the gossiping matron, with great promptitude.

"Out riding!" Elwyn's brow contracted.

"Strange—very strange," he muttered, "to drive out in that sort of a way without so much as saying a word to me. I always thought that Warrington a puppy, and I'm sure of it now."

He went down and dismissed the equipage, and then returned to the drawing room, as restless as the wandering Jew. After one or two turns across the long apartment, he sat gloomily down in the window recess. Even Aurora Raymond's pretty limping chatter could not interest him now.

"Would Kate never come?" he thought, as he looked at his watch for the fortieth time.

She came at last, just in time to run up stairs for a hurried dinner toilet—came smiling and lovely, with her hair blown by the fresh wind and her eyes sparkling radiantly. Elwyn—dog in manger as he was—could have knocked Col. Warrington down for the involuntary glance of admiration with which he looked after his fair companion.

Presently Mrs. Kate re-appeared in a magnificent dress of lustrous silver green silk, lightened up by the flash of emeralds at her throat, and frosted green mosses dropping from her hair.

"Why have you put on that odious green dress?" asked Elwyn, catching at some slight pretext as an escape valve for his ill-humor. "You know how much I dislike green."

"O, well," said Kate nonchalantly, "you are so fidgety, Charles. What difference can it make whether I wear green or yellow? It is entirely by-gone fashion for husbands and wives to study one another's whims à la Darby and Joan. We dress entirely to please the public, the gay world, you know; and I put on this silk dress to please Mr. Garnet—he admires green so much!"

Charles Elwyn stared at his wife in speechless astonishment. What did it mean? She had always been the humble slave of his slightest wish or caprice, and now she smilingly set him at defiance. What evil spirit had possessed her?

She never came near him all the evening—never sought his approval by the little shy glances of appeal or the questioning looks that had been so inexpressibly dear to him. No—she chatted away, bewitchingly self-reliant, the centre of an admiring group, until Mr. Elwyn was ready to rush out of the room in a transport of exasperation.

"Allow me to congratulate you on your treasure of a wife, sir," said Col. Warrington. "I have always known she was a beauty, but I never appreciated her claims as a wit."

Elwyn glared speechless at the polite Colonel, who was evidently surprised at the ungracious reception of his little compliment.

"Just what I might have expected," he muttered to himself, plucking fiercely at his moustache. "What the deuce did I bring her here for, if I didn't want every fool in society to fall down and worship her?"

"Would you like a drive after dinner," Kate asked one evening about three days spent in this very edifying manner.

"I couldn't possibly this evening," she

said, adjusting the wreath of lily that deepened from her shining hair. "We've arranged such a nice moonlight party to ride to the navy yard."

"Well, what is to prevent me from driving you there?" asked Mr. Elwyn, anxiously.

"Our party is all made up," said Kate coolly. "I've promised to go in Mr. Garnett's carriage. He is so delightfully agreeable, and I like him so much."

"The dickens you do," growled Elwyn, his face elongating and growing dark.

"But I'll tell you what you might do if you pleased," suggested Kate innocently. "Miss Raymond would like to go. I've no doubt, or Mrs. Everett, and there can be no possible objection to an extra carriage in the party, so that—"

"Hang Miss Raymond and Mrs. Everett," ejaculated the irate husband.

"With all my heart, my dear," said Kate. "Only you see, it is quite impossible for me to break my promise to Mrs. Garnett."

Mr. Elwyn's temper was by no means improved when he stood on the hotel steps and watched the merry party drive off, their gay voices and jubilant laughter echoing through the serene moonlight, like a mockery of his own gloomy reflections. He had never felt so utterly forlorn in the whole course of his life.

"Dear me, what a beautiful evening for a ride," sighed Aurora Raymond, looking up from a volume of poems, as Mr. Elwyn re-entered the drawing room, looking not unlike a man who had just had a molar extracted.

But he didn't take the hint, acting, as Miss Raymond afterward indignantly remarked, "more like a bear than a man," and sitting down to the perusal of the newspapers. Alas for the midnight curls and oriental eyes—their spell was broken.

How long the slow creeping hours seemed before Kate came back! Long ere the sound of carriage wheels grated on the pavement before the door, he went up to his own room and tried uselessly enough to amuse himself with books and writing. All his efforts were unavailing, between him and every occupation to which he turned, crept one gloomy thought—a sore pang—to think that Kate was happy without his society, and that she never missed his absent voice and smile.

"I wonder if I'm jealous," he muttered to himself. "It's not an agreeable sensation, at all events. I wonder if Kate felt so whenever I flirted with Aurora and the widow."

This was a new consideration.

Would the time ever come when Kate's heart would be estranged from him—estranged by his own conduct—when her loving sensitive nature would cease to respond to his touch? The very fancy was agony.

He was wrapped in these gloomy meditations when the door opened, and his bright little wife tripped in, looking very much like a magnified sunbeam. She stopped suddenly when she saw his head bowed upon his hands.

"Charles, does your head ache?"

"No."

"Then what is the matter?"

"My heart aches, Kate," he said sadly.

"It aches to think that my wife has ceased to love me."

She came to his side and put her arms around his neck with caressing affection.

"Charles, what do you mean?"

"I mean, Kate, that when you desert me for the society of others, and cease to pay any regard to my wishes, I can come but to one conclusion."

"Charles," said Kate, smiling archly up in his face, "Does it grieve you to have me prefer the society of others to your own?"

"It breaks my heart, Kate," he said passionately.

"Then, dearest, let us make a bargain. Let us allow Miss Raymond and Mrs. Everett to console themselves with Col. Warrington and Mr. Garnett, while we are happy with each other. Shall it be so?"

"Kate, you have been playing a part."

"Of course I have. Did you suppose for a moment that I was in earnest?"

The loving kisses she showered upon his brow dispelled every lurking shadow from the husband's heart, and he felt how inexpressibly dear his wife was to him.

On the next day's train Mr. and Mrs. Elwyn left Washington, mutually convinced that they had had enough of the gay capital. There were two unmistakably good effects consequent on their sojourn, however. Kate was satisfied to remain quietly at home for the rest of her life, and Charles was completely cured of every latent tendency to flirt.

Hillsborough Recorder.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C., OCT. 19, 1865.

Wednesday, Nov. 18, 1865.

All those indebted to this office for subscriptions, advertisements, or job work, are earnestly requested to make immediate payment. Our necessities require it, and our advanced age admonishes us to the propriety of settling up our affairs.

THANKSGIVING.—The President of the United States, by proclamation, has appointed Thursday the 26th inst. as a day of public thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God for his benefits and blessings bestowed on our country during the past year.

Gov. H. H. Johnson, in conformity with a law of this State, has also issued a proclamation appointing the same day for the same services. He has also the Governors of several of the other States.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

Monday last, being the day to which the Legislature had adjourned, as well as the day appointed by law for the commencement of the annual session, the two Houses met, and were called to order at 11 o'clock.

The Senate was called to order by Lieut. Gov. Caldwell, and the following called 20 members answered to their names. There being no quorum, the Senate adjourned to 12 o'clock on Tuesday.

The House was called to order by Mr. Speaker Holden. The roll being called 58 members answered to their names. Mr. Argo, moved that the members elected to fill the vacancies of our various counties in the State who are present, be allowed to come forward and qualify; which being agreed to, the following gentlemen came forward to the Clerk's desk: George Z. French, of New Hanover; J. C. McMillan of Duplin; W. H. Malone, of Caldwell, and W. P. Welch, of Haywood, and were qualified.

A quorum being thus formed, the House adjourned to 12 o'clock on Tuesday.

SUPERIOR COURT.

Last week was our superior court, the first court held in Orange under the new constitution and new code. Judge Tourgee presiding; J. R. Bulla Solicitor.

The Judge did not arrive until the 2nd week in November, though the law designated the 1st week as the beginning of our court, and to continue for two weeks—if the business required it.

The business of our office prevented our personal attendance on the court. We understand that few persons only were pleased with the administration of the law, under the new code. Wilson Brown and his son were indicted in three cases—for an assault and battery. The cost against them was \$138, of which sum \$50 was tax fees for the solicitor. There was no fine, as the Judgment of the Court was not prayed. A \$10 tax fee to the attorney in case of assault and battery is not only unreasonable but oppressive.

There were sixty cases or more upon the State docket, many of them for larceny; in some of which the parties after conviction, were allowed to give security for the payment of the cost, and were then discharged.

Four negroes, two men and two women, were arraigned for murdering the husband of one of the women. Not being able to employ counsel, the Judge assigned Major Graham, Mr. Argo and Mr. Bored, to defend.

The Judge continued the case until next term, as counsel wanted time to prepare the cause, and one of the women had a child eight days old.

Friday the Judge left court to attend a meeting of the Trustees of the University. Only two causes had been tried upon the civil docket. There was considerable disappointment and surprise felt on Friday morning when it was ascertained the Judge had left court instructing the Clerk to discharge the grand jury after receiving such presentments as they had to make.

The Grand Jury, having no more important business before them, made the following presentments: All the Judges who had taken part in politics in the late campaign; the infamous article "Work," in the Standard of the 19th of September; the legislative address; and all secret political organizations.

The court was one that our people will long remember.

WHAT WAS GAINED BY THE PURCHASE OF ALASKA.

In Lippincott's Magazine for November we find an interesting article entitled "A Scientific expedition to Alaska," from the pen of Mr. George Davidson, of the United States Coast survey. The facts stated in the article were arrived at from personal examination, and these all agree in the opinion that the region is highly valuable. The archipelago is a wonder of land and water, and the mountains back from it are gold producing. The islands reach 4,000 feet elevation, and are covered with forests half way up. Glaciers come down to the water's edge, so that ice can be shipped direct from them. The shore line of the archipelago comprises seven thousand eight hundred statute miles, wooded to the water with spruce and yellow cedar, from 5 to 8 feet in diameter, and 375 to 180 feet high. It is invaluable in California. The waters are alive with fish, of which the salmon is chief. The hemlock bark is in demand for tanning. Great mines of bituminous coal have been found, and one of anthracite, Sitka, or New Archangel, is surrounded by mountains, and has 116 buildings and 968 inhabitants. The harbors are easy of approach and good. It is within three hundred and sixty miles of the telegraph wires. The summits of the Mount St. Elias range attain 9000 feet from the sea, while Fairweather, Crillon and St. Elias range from 12,000 to 16,000 feet. Coal runs along the shore of Tehagatchek Gulf for twenty miles. Other harbors have it also. Gold is found on the Kikuy, Sachina and Staked rivers, Kadiak and the adjacent islands breed plump cattle, equal to those of Illinois. St. Paul has a good harbor and 283 residents. Iliouliouk has 300 inhabitants and there are 570 on the island, which is seventy-five miles long and has a volcano and a glacier. These Aleutian islands will be valuable to us as the center of a great cod-fishing and whaling region and for the bays and harbors where fish can be cured. The Aleutians number 4,268, and are docile, industrious and ingenious. They have a Greek priest of their own race, an engraver on copper, and an instrument maker. The sea otter is found only at these islands. The total population of the Russian American Company at the beginning of 1867 was 9,698, of whom 430 were Russians, and 2 foreigners. The Koloshian Indians also number 5,800 and the Esquimaux 2,500. Alaska will be valuable to us for its fur, fisheries, timber minerals, harbors and geographical position and configuration. The eastern part of Behring's sea is a mighty reservoir of cod, and will be more to the Pacific than Newfoundland has ever been to the Atlantic. Not less than seventy whalers annually fish in these waters who can obtain men from the new territory hereafter, and transfer to it the business formerly done at the Sandwich Islands, for small vessels can be kept there and permanently employed, and only their wealth sent home. The American whalers could sweep away competition. The Gulf of Alaska has endless stores of whales food and countless fish. The sperm whale is also abundant. Salmon are more numerous than in Washington and Oregon, and are sometimes stranded in great numbers. Herring and halibut abound, and walrus ivory is found to the amount of ten tons annually, bringing 70 cents, gold, per pound, and more rawls and one.

The fur trade is valued at \$1,000,000 gold, annually, though the fur bearing animals are preserved by wise laws. Gold, silver, iron, coal, limestone, bluish copper and petroleum, besides spruce, cedar, and hemlock are the natural riches. The mean winter temperature of Sitka is a little higher than Montreal. The mean temperature is but one and a half degrees below Philadelphia. An ocean river like the Gulf Stream, but warmer and more rapid, sweeps along the coast at a velocity of 36 miles a day in some places. At Cook's Inlet, however, the mercury has ranged from 58 degrees to 96 degrees. In 1786, at Prince William's Sound, it was 32 degrees for six months, and 28 degrees in July and August.

No cereals can be raised. Root crops, fruit and berries mature, and so do grasses. Cattle and hogs may be kept without trouble. Good harbors are found everywhere, with fine bays, sounds and rivers. When the coasts are properly surveyed, navigation will be safer than along Maine and Nova Scotia. Hardly any marine accidents are recorded. Boston harbor freezes occasionally, but the harbors of the Alexander Archipelago never freezes. It is believed that this acquisition will force us eventually to join our Pacific possessions—a deed more easily accomplished by the

growing discontent of the British settlers who have heavier taxes per acre than the more for the land, and yet cannot own the minerals in their own lands. Between the Mexican boundary and the Strait of Juan de Fuca there is no harbor but San Francisco and San Diego. The numerous harbors of Alaska meet this deficiency, and will enable us soon to control the Pacific, as we now do the Atlantic. These facts, coming from actual survey by a responsible engineer, who has just been there, throw reasonable light on the resources of the new territory; that is now wholly paid for.

SOUTHERN VIEW OF THE PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION.

The Richmond Whig of yesterday has a lengthy article on the result of the presidential election, in which, while it denies it to be a free and unawed expression of the popular will, declares that it has no feeling on the subject, proceeds as follows:

"They, (the North,) whether they know it or not, have a Master as well as we. Our hope is that he will be mild and merciful to us poor miserable sinners. All the little we know of him, or imagine we know, is derived from newspapers and current talk, and is scarcely sufficient to justify an opinion that is worth anything. We cannot assert that he will cut the radicals, or give a fresh turn to the screw with which they are torturing the South. We know not whether he will be a bloody Nero, or a mild and benignant Augustus; whether he will lay deep and broad the foundations of a despotic empire, or restore the lost rights of the States, and re-establish the constitution in its original vigor and purity. There are some favorable indications—our ignorance does not enable us to use a stronger word—there are indications which may excite the wronged and oppressed for indulgent hope.

If he be, as General Butler says, indifferent to human suffering, he has never manifested, by act or word, so far as we are aware, any pleasure in torturing his victims. He has left the indulgence of that noble feline propensity to others, who more loudly vaunt their humanity. He acted with manly heroism in demanding that the parole of General Lee and other Confederate officers should be religiously respected. His conduct on that occasion induces the belief that when in a position to control the matter, he will insist that the spirit and intent of that parole shall not be confined to the officers, but shall be extended to all the people of the Confederate States. No man knows better than he does that General Lee would never have surrendered his sword if it had been understood that the people whom he represented were to be subjected to African domination. General Grant's letter demanding a surrender excluded the possibility of such an interpretation. That letter, the second to General Lee, says:

General—Your note of last evening, in reply to mine of same date, asking conditions on which I will accept the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia, is just received. In reply, I would say that peace being my great desire, there is but one condition I would insist upon—namely, that the men and officers surrendered shall be disqualified for taking up arms again against the government of the United States till properly exchanged. I will meet you, &c.

In exact accordance with the "one condition" were the terms of surrender. Here they are.

TERMS OF SURRENDER.

Appomattox Courthouse, Va., April 9, 1865.

General—In accordance with the substance of my letter to you of the 8th instant, I propose to receive the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia on the following terms, to wit: Rolls of all the officers and men to be made in duplicate; one copy to be given to an officer to be designated by me, the other to be retained by such officer or officers as you may designate. The officers to give their individual parole not to take up arms against the government of the United States until properly exchanged and each company or regimental commander to sign a like parole for the men of their commands.

The arms, artillery and public property to be parked and stacked, and turned over to the officers appointed by me to receive them. This will not embrace the side arms of the officers nor their private horses or baggage. This done, each officer and man will be allowed to return to his home, not to be disturbed by United States authority so long as they observe their paroles, and the laws in force where they may reside.

U. S. GRANT, Lieutenant General.

General R. E. LEE.

We are not left to conjecture why these liberal terms were accorded. We are not certain that General Grant himself has not

admitted that his object was to remove every inducement to a guerrilla warfare. His friends have frequently confessed that such was his motive, and we copied an article last week from the New York Times to this effect and expressly conceding that it was a wise stroke of policy as well as a grand act of magnanimity. General Grant knows that there never would have been peace; that Southern men, with arms in their hands, never would have surrendered them on the condition that they were to exchange position with their slaves.

Quibbles may be raised about a military capitulation embracing political rights. But General Grant knows the full intent and whole scope of the capitulation, and he knows it would never have been agreed to by the Confederates on the terms of radical reconstruction. We appeal to his honor—which is more concerned in the matter than ours is. He has testified to our faithful observance of the condition imposed; he is now in a position to exact a like compliance on the other side.

That we do not pervert the meaning of the capitulation; we subjoin the views of the French Courrier des Etats Unis, whose editor, being a foreigner and unbiased by our domestic factions, may be supposed to speak in the impartial tone of posterity. We give an accurate translation as we can:

"The charge of inconsistency and moral weakness is imputed to general Grant, based on his acceptance even of the Presidency at the hands of the republican party. What, in fact, is the act by which the policy of that party is especially characterized? The despotic laws of reconstruction, which impose on the vanquished a tyrannical yoke, which treat them as subjugated enemies, which, four years after the end of the war, hold them still with fetters upon their necks, in contempt of the very treaty signed at Appomattox Courthouse—when a treaty imposed no other conditions to a full and entire reconciliation than the laying down arms by the vanquished and the dispersion of their forces. Now, the sign of that treaty was no other than General Grant; and it is the violation of his own parole, the setting at naught his own sacred engagements, which he signs with both hands, and announcing in the suppression of rights conceded by him to the signers of the treaty of pacification."

General Grant may have considered that heretofore it was only his duty to guard the capitulation in its purely military bearing, as he did when he protected General Lee against the loyal fury of Mr. Johnson; now his role is enlarged, and the whole subject falls within his purview.

We conceive there is no want of respect to General Grant in thus frankly expressing our sense and that of all Confederates as to the responsibility resting on him as a soldier and a gentleman, in this regard. He has only to recur to the sweeping and comprehensive words of the terms of surrender—"not to be disturbed by United States authority"—not merely the military, but any authority of the United States; and to recall the motives which prompted him to know what honor, to say nothing of simple justice, demands at his hands. One crack of his whip would send back howling to their kennels all the curs of low degree, and give peace and prosperity to the country.

*We have referred to General Grant's testimony before the congressional committee, and find our recollection correct. He says:

"I believe that with such terms all the rebel armies would surrender, and that we would thus avoid bloodshed and a continuation of the war in a way that we could make very little progress with, having no organized armies to meet."

The new railroad bridge spanning the Mississippi river at Quincy, Illinois, was finished last week. The bridge is about 3,250 feet long, and built of iron. It has two draws, each 160 feet long. The cost of the structure was \$1,500,000.

Advices from Washington say that on the first day of the next session Congressman Kelley of Pennsylvania will introduce a Constitutional amendment providing for universal suffrage in all the States.

In the case of ex-Judge Sidney A. Hebbell, of New Mexico, against the Western Union Railroad Company, to recover for personal injuries received by an explosion and subsequent burning of the steamboat Lansing on the Mississippi river, the jury awarded \$12,000 to the plaintiff for damages, a few days since at Chicago.

By cable we are advised of the death of the young Marquis of Hastings, who at the early age of twenty-six had spent a colossal fortune and ruined an honored name. He will be remembered as the hero and victim of the race-course for some years past.

8081
The collection of b... is extending in Virginia. The yield averages a net profit of \$44 per acre, not counting the seed which is valuable for feed.
The number of letters passing through the British postoffice, since the transmission by rail commenced, has increased from 75,000,000 to 705,000,000; and in this country from 40,000,000 to 400,000,000.

NEW GOODS.
We are opening another stock of the Calicoes we did not wish to sell at 10, 12, and 15 cents, in exchange for Apples at 9 cents per lb. Call with cash or produce before the price falls, as we want to sell. We take Corn and Pork in exchange for our over Coats. Do not forget Hillsborough is the place to buy your Goods.
BROWN & CO.
November 18. 65

PEACE
PORK AND CLOTHING.
120,000 Lbs. Pork Wanted, for which we will exchange Greenbacks and Clothing. Our large stock of Over Coats is proposed to exchange for Pork and Beans.
BROWN & CO.
November 18. 65

SEASONABLE
NEW GOODS.
DEBICKER, Tanseys, Cottons, Calico, 10 and 12-4, Bed Blankets, Shawls, Cloaks, Red and White Muslin, Gowns, Hoods, Woollen, Grays, Machine and hand sewing Threads and Silks, Kersey, French Hair Nets, Velvet Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons, Colored and Black Dress Buttons, Carpets, Linsey Veneer, Cheese, Iron, and many other goods.
Just received by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**
Nov. 18. 65

NOTICE.
At a meeting of the Commissioners of the town of Hillsborough, held on Saturday evening the 7th November, it was ordered that the same fees be allowed the Magistrate of Police and Town Constable, as by law allowed to Magistrates and Sheriffs.
Test **DENNIS HEARTT,**
Town Clerk.
Nov. 18. 65

North Carolina Rail Road Scrip.
Wanted by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**
November 12. 65

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.

THE subscribers will sell, on the premises, at public auction, on Wednesday, November 25, that **Beautiful Home Place**, of the late John R. Faucette, containing Fifty Acres. On it is a good two-story dwelling, with all necessary out houses, excellent water, and a young orchard of select fruit, situated near Mebaneville and the "Bingham School," directly on the N. Carolina Railroad.
Term: One hundred dollars on the 1st of January 1869, when possession will be given, and the remainder in three annual payments, with legal interest from that date. Title retained until payment is made.
For particulars address
T. U. FAUCETTE, Hillsborough, N. C.
E. W. FAUCETTE, Lenoir, Orange County, N. C., October 25. 65

CAROLINE BELL SNUFF.
GAIL and **Alex's** Snuff, in Tin Boxes, in Bladders.
For sale cheap, wholesale and retail, for Cash.
At **E. H. POGUE'S.**
Nov. 3. 65

CANDLES AND ROSIN SOAP.
At retail. Rosin Soap at wholesale.
At **E. H. POGUE'S.**
November 3. 65

WINE and **Store Pipe** in large quantities, constantly making, and sold. Wholesale and Retail at prices which are always satisfactory.
At **E. H. POGUE'S.**
November 3. 65

CASH paid for **Beeswax, Feathers, Rags, old Copper and Brass,** By **E. H. POGUE.**
Hillsborough.
November 3. 65

FAMILY GROCERIES FOR CASH!!
BEST Rice, Coffee, Lard, Sugar, and C Sugar, can be had for Cash. At **E. H. POGUE'S.**
November 3. 65

CANVASS Hams for Cash, At **E. H. POGUE'S.**
November 3. 65

WESTERN Empire Cooking Stoves, Also Heating and Parlor Stoves. For cash or good barter, at **E. H. POGUE'S.**
November 3. 65

200 Reams Wrapping Paper, Straw and Manila, at manufacturer's prices. At **E. H. POGUE'S.**
November 3. 65

\$20 SEWING MACHINES.
HAND me \$20 and get the worth of your money. **JAMES WEBB, Jr., Agent.**
October 21. 65

3. 21132 A W
MORE NEW GOODS!!
AT VERY LOW PRICES.
ENCOURAGE
HOME MANUFACTURES.
ROCK Island Woollen Jeans.
Rock Island Cassimeres.
Holt's Factory Plaids.
" 1 and yard wide sheetings.
" Oznaburghs.
" Cotton Yarns.
Newlin's Sheetings, and Cotton yarns.
Also new Calicoes, Bed Ticking and other goods. At low prices, at
J. A. TURRENTINE'S.

16,000 POUNDS of Lime, for Wheat, Hillsborough and Mebaneville, one bag a bushel in good clean sacks.
J. A. TURRENTINE.
November 3. 65

THE STOCK.
Best Stock of Select Goods at Retail. We ever had the pleasure to offer to our customers is now ready, for Cash or Barter.
JAMES BROWN & CO.
November 3. 65

FALL 1868.
GENERALS CAN
AND ON PRICE
REMEMBER your child buys of us at the same price you do.
DO not ask us to make a price to fit your face; we do not wish to trade that way.
IF YOU OWE US, pay what you owe before spending OUR money elsewhere—think of this.
PRICE Goods in Danville and Raleigh, and if we do not sell as low, tell your friends.
EVERY customer we lose is our gain; why ask the Prices.
BROWN & CO.
Sept. 30. 65

JOSIAH TURNER, Jr., **IKK R. STRAYHORN.**
TURNER & STRAYHORN,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.,

WILL attend promptly to all business confided to them. Special attention paid to the collection of claims, conveyancing, &c.
October 28. 65

AGENTS WANTED!
SEND 15 cents for a specimen number of the **CAROLINA FARMER**, containing splendid List of Premiums for new subscribers. Active Agents are making \$5.00 to \$10.00 per day.
W. H. BERNARD, Pro.
Wilmington, N. C.
October 28. 65

SOLUBLE PACIFIC GUANO.
Equal to Peruvian the first year, and an improver of the land.
All and get a circular. I confidently recommend it.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.,
Agent for this County.
Sept. 16. 65

SEED WHEAT.
WISH to sell a good article of White Wheat. A prime article, as good as can be procured in the county. Call on
REDING CAPE.
Sept. 9. 65

NEW FALL GOODS.
OCTOBER 1868.
I AM now opening a very large and well selected stock of goods of every kind, which have been bought late when prices were low, and will be sold low to suit these hard times. Call at
WEBB'S CHEAP STORE.
with Cash or Barter. Ladies Dress Goods very cheap, call and see.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
October 14. 65

OYSTER SALOON.
THE subscriber would respectfully inform his customers, that he has opened an Oyster Saloon in the house recently occupied by Parks & Co. as a shoe store, where he intends to serve up Oysters in all the various styles. Having made arrangements with the best house in the South for the celebrated Lynnhaven Oyster, his customers may rely upon getting something extra in the way of oysters.
He will also keep on hand a supply of Pickled Oysters for his country friends.
Every effort will be made to guarantee to his old customers that satisfaction that has established him as an Oyster Dealer. Trusting by strict attention to business and gentlemanly deportment to all, that he may win the patronage of every good Conservative in the country. His Republican friends are also cordially invited, pledging to give them an extra plate if it will induce them to turn from the error of their ways. Malice towards none, and peace and good will for my friends, trusting that you may step in occasionally and get a good plate of cooked Oysters.
Respectfully,
ALEX. PLEASANTS.
October 21. 65

SKED IN STORE.
50 Bushels Extra Dungen Wheat \$4.50
50 Bushels Country " " " " \$3.00
55 Bushels Clover and Timothy Seed.
Baugh's Phs. Lime, Guano, Lime and Plaster.
For sale by **BROWN & Co.**
Sept. 9. 65

50,000
POUNDS
Dry
AND
Green
Hides
Wanted,

FOR WHICH
The highest Market Price will be Paid.
WE will Tan Hides for one half, and having a new and well-arranged Tannery, with Vats under cover, W. Willie Burton (who has been long and well known as a Tanner) as our Tanner, and our Mr. W. G. Norwood giving his strict and undivided attention to the business, and our determination not only to succeed but to give perfect satisfaction to those who patronize us, we feel no hesitation in saying that we will produce as good Leather, and in as short time, as can be done in the State.
W. G. & J. NORWOOD.

Hides will be purchased for us by, and may be left with the following persons to be tanned by us; the leather, when tanned, will be returned through the channel received, unless otherwise directed. Our agents will also keep a supply of leather for sale. Call and see samples.
BROWN & CO., Hillsborough.
J. M. PUGH, Morrisville.
EVANS TURNER, Turner's Mill.
T. C. ELLIS, Cedar Grove.
CARR & CHEEK, Durham's.
ALEXANDER DICKSON, Dickson's Mill.
F. L. WARREN, Prospect Hill, Gaswell Co.
THOMAS LONG, New Hope.
W. A. BRADSHAW, Bushy Fork, Person.
WORTH & McALISTER, Company Shops.
Hillsborough, Sept. 9. 55-8w

868.
FALL CAMPAIGN.
NEW GOODS
JUST TO HAND.
And now ready for inspection.
BROWN & CO.
September 2. 64

OLD THINGS HAVE PASSED AWAY.
WE are now offering a New Stock of **FALL GOODS**, for Cash or Barter, much lower than we wish to do.
We wish and expect our old customers to stick to us.
BROWN & CO.
September 2. 64

SOMETHING NEW UNDER THE
SUN.
REMEMBER, every customer we lose is our gain. Have always treated you upon this system. Think of it.
BROWN & CO.
September 2. 64

SEED WHEAT.
I CAN furnish a new article of **SEED WHEAT** from abroad. Speak in time.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
September 2. 64

UDOLPHO WOLFE,
22 BEAVER STREET,
NEW YORK.

THE subscribers beg leave to inform the citizens of North Carolina that they have been appointed agents for **UDOLPHO WOLFE**, of New York, for the sale of his celebrated

SCHIEDAM AROMATIC SCHNAPPS,
Bottled Wines and Liquors.
Mr. Wolfe's name is a household word in every part of the Southern States.
ADRAIN & VOLLERS,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
August 26. 53-3m

Mecklenburg Female College,
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

REV. A. G. STACY, A. M. President, assisted by accomplished instructors in all the Departments.
Next Session opens October 1, 1868. Rates low for the times.
Best advantages afforded. Delightful location. Spacious and commodious buildings. The College has enjoyed a remarkable degree of prosperity.
For circular, and specimen copy of College Magazine, address
A. G. STACY, Charlotte, N. C.
August 19. 65

THERMOMETERS,
FOR
TOBACCO PLANTERS.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
Sept. 16. 65

FALL OF 1868.
NEW DRY GOODS!
New Fancy Goods,
AND
Ready-made Clothing,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
TRUNKS AND CARPET BAGS,
AND
The Latest Style of Ladies' and
Gentlemen's Hats.
ALSO
A GOOD ASSORTMENT
of
Hard-Ware, Groceries and Crockery.
NEW GOODS
RECEIVED BY EVERY STEAMER WEEKLY.
All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for Goods.
J. ISRAEL.
Removed to C. M. Latimer's old stand.
Hillsborough, Sept. 16. 65

FALL AND WINTER IMPORTATIONS
1868.
MILINERY GOODS.
Ribbons, Trimming Ribbons, Velvet Ribbons.
SILKS, SATINS, VELVETS.
FANCY BONNET MATERIALS.
BLONDS, CRAPE, NETS.
French Flowers, Plumes and Ornaments.
BONNETS, and LADIES' HATS,
IN STRAW, SILK, VELVET and FELT.
We offer the largest and best assorted Stock in the U. States, comprising all the latest Parisian Novelties and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness.
ARMSTRONG, CATOR & CO.
237 and 239 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE.
August 26. 53-3w

JULY STOCK.
WE take great pleasure in calling your attention to our Stock just bought by our **M. R. PARKS.**
New prices at our House for Dry Goods, Hats, Boots and Shoes, Groceries and Confectionaries, Wood and Crockery Ware, Clothing and Notions.
Remember, New Goods at New Prices at Hillsborough.
BROWN & CO.
P. S. Had you not best buy your Goods at Hillsborough? Come with Cash and Produce.
WANTED, all kinds of Dried Fruit.
BROWN & CO.
July 15. 64

PERUVIAN GUANO,
15,000 POUNDS, fresh and pure, now in store, and for sale cheap, for cash only.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
October 9. 65

LADIES' SHOES.
MANUFACTURED by **T. MILES & SONS,**
Congress Gaiters and French Morocco Bootes, And many other new Goods, Cheap for Cash or Barter, at
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
June 10. 65

FAIR NOTICE.
I SHALL proceed to collect, according to law, every cent due me on the 1st day of July next, without fail. Call and see if you owe me anything before that time.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.

W. S. ROULEAC,
OF HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.,
WITH
D. T. WILLIAMS & CO.
Commission Merchants,
No. 1 Tobacco Exchange,
RICHMOND, VA.

Especially attention paid to the sale of Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Wheat, Corn, Flour, and all articles of Country Produce.
Mark your packages plainly with your name, write us your wishes and they will be complied with.
Consignments solicited.

NEW GOODS.
I AM receiving new goods every few days, to meet the trade in
DRIED FRUIT,
and all other demands. Many goods received **LAST WEEK,** and a great many more will be received this week, and so on through the season. I shall give you all bargains as will induce you to come again, and will sell bargains unless you buy my goods. Try and see for yourselves.
JAMES WEBB, Jr.
Sept. 16. 65

NEW GOODS.

I AM now opening a General Assortment of Goods, at prices to suit these hard times, for Cash and on Credit.

JAMES WEBB, JR.

THE CAROLINA FARMER.

BELIEVING that the interests of the Farmers and Planters of the South demand the publication of a periodical devoted to the advancement of Agriculture in the two Carolinas, we have determined to establish such a periodical under the title of **THE CAROLINA FARMER**, and will issue the first number as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers are obtained to pay a reasonable share of the expense of publication.

The Farmer will be issued monthly at \$2 per annum, in advance, and will contain not less than thirty-two large double-column pages of reading matter, bound in handsome covers, and in typographical execution will not be surpassed by any Agricultural Monthly in the country.

Being determined to do whatever energy will accomplish in making the Farmer worthy the support of the intelligent Planters and Farmers of North Carolina and South Carolina; and desiring to introduce it into every county in those States, we wish to employ active Agents at every Post-office, to whom the most liberal inducements will be offered.

Our exchanges in the two Carolinas will confer a favor, which we will be glad to reciprocate, by giving the same treatment to a few insertions in their advertising columns, with such editorial comment as they think the probable value of such a periodical as we propose publishing may justify.

Address all communications to

WM. H. BERNARD.
Wilmington, N. C.

July 1 - 45

FURNITURE WARE ROOMS.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public, that he is still doing business on Wake street, between King and Tryon, and keeps on hand and makes to order, any description of Furniture. Upholstering done with neatness. Gilt Mouldings for picture frames. Walnut and common wood Coffins on hand, and furnished at short notice.

Also Fisk's Metallic Burial Cases of all sizes on hand. A Hearse for funeral occasions. Burials in Town and country strictly attended to.

CHARLES S. COOLEY.
Hillsborough, April 14th, 1868.

PIANOS. PIANOS. PIANOS.

CHARLES M. STIEFF,
Manufacturer of
First Premium Grand and Square Pianos,
Factories 84 and 86 Camden street, and
45 and 47 Perry street,
Office and Warerooms, No. 7 N. Liberty street, above
Baltimore street,
BALTIMORE, MD.

ALL of our Pianos are of the Grand scale, with A-grade treble and Ivory fronts, and have all the latest improvements, and fully warranted for five years.

Second hand Pianos and Parlor Organs always on hand, from \$50 to \$300.

I respectfully refer to the following persons, who have our Pianos on use:

Gen. Robert E. Lee, Lexington, Va.; Gen. Robert Johnson, Wilmington, N. C.; Rev. C. B. Riddick, Kurell's Springs, N. C.; Willie J. Palmer, Deaf and dumb Institute, Benson, Farris & Co., and P. F. Speed, of Raleigh, and Capt. Henry Richards, of Hillsborough, N. C.

For terms and further particulars apply to

Prof. CHARLES O. PAPE,
Agent for Hillsborough.

November 27, 1867. 16-12m

FOR SALE.

15 DOZEN cans Fresh Peaches, 8 lb. Cans (quarts), at \$4.00 per dozen.

15 DOZEN cans Fresh Peaches, 8 lb. Cans (3 quarts), at \$3.00 per dozen.

Also Cherries, and Blackberries. By

E. H. POGUE.
Feb. 12.

WANTED.

ALL KINDS DRIED FRUIT.

BROWN, & CO.
August 4.

FRESH ARRIVALS:

February 1st, 1868.

VERY CHEAP FOR CASH OR BARTER.

JAVA Coffee, Loguaya Coffee, Rio Coffee, Syrup, Cider Vinegar, Bacon, Lard, and Salted Beef.

KEROSENE and Aarons Oil, Lamps, Chimneys and Wicks.

HORSE Collars, Trace Chains, Axes, Hoes, Drawing Knives, Steel Hoes, Steel Forks, Spades, Long and Short Handle Shovels, Saws and Upper Leather, Hoe Herring.

All kinds of produce taken for goods the year round.

WANTED.

I particularly want now. Shelled Oats, Leaf and Manufactured Tobacco, Corn, Wheat, Sweet and Irish Potatoes, Cabbage, Butter, Eggs, Pork, Bacon, Lard, Beef, Mutton, and anything else to eat.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
February 12.

COOKING STOVES!!

FRESH Arrival of Western Empire and Buck's Patent Cooking Stoves! They are in every respect first-class Stoves, and are warranted to give satisfaction. For Sale LOW for Cash or good Produce.

E. H. POGUE,
Hillsborough.

The National Intelligencer.

A VALUABLE CAMPAIGN PAPER.

Circulation of Political Information.

THE Campaign upon which we have just entered is by far the most important that has ever been called upon to participate. The life of the nation, the liberties of the people, the rights of persons and property, are all in jeopardy. An unscrupulous faction in Congress has usurped all the powers of the Government. The people alone have the power in their hands. To do this promptly and efficiently they need all the information that can be furnished to them.

There never was a time when the necessity for the dissemination of sound political information was so great as at present. The journals which furnish this information should be sent broadcast throughout the land, and be put into the hands of every voter in every State, county, town, village, precinct and hamlet, in every household from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

To supply this need we have undertaken to publish **WEEKLY INTELLIGENCER** for the campaign at such a price as will place it within the reach of all.

It will be supplied to Clubs of ten or more at the same Post Office at Fifty Cents per copy for the Campaign, or for four months prior to January 1, 1868.

Published at Washington City, the great political centre of the country, we enjoy peculiar facilities for obtaining and presenting to our readers the earliest and most reliable political information, and to keep our patrons thoroughly posted in regard to events of political importance.

We call upon our friends throughout the country to exert themselves to push this circulation of the Campaign Weekly Intelligencer to the fullest possible extent. If they will do this service, we pledge ourselves to do our part of the work with all the energy and ability and industry we can command.

SNOW, COYLE & CO.,
Proprietors National Intelligencer,
Washington, D. C.

August 19.

ROSADALIS

Purifies the Blood.

For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.

AGENTS-WANTED.

\$75 PER MONTH to sell the **NATIONAL FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.** This Machine is equal to the standard machines in every respect, and is sold at the low price of \$20. Address **NATIONAL SEWING MACHINE CO.,** Pittsburgh, Pa.

July 1. 45-3m

CLOVER SEED.

LUCERNE SEED.

ORCHARD GRASS SEED.

For sale by **J. WEBB, Jr.**
Aug. 18. 5g

VERY superior Green Tea, just received, by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**

GENTLEMEN summer Undershirts. Just received by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**
July 24. 48

ROSADALIS,

A CONSTANT supply kept on hand
By **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**
July 24. 48

BAKER'S BREAD!!

A CONSTANT SUPPLY ON HAND!!!

RECEIVED FRESH THREE TIMES A WEEK.

Prices so that everybody can use it!!!!

For Sale by **W. A. GATTIS & CO.**
July 28. 49

WANTED.

I WANT to buy
RAGS, OLD COPPER AND BRASS,
either for Cash, or Trade. I want, in exchange for Goods,
Beeswax, Flaxseed,
Old Castings, Lead,
Zinc, Flour,
Bacon, Corn,
and all kinds of country produce.

E. H. POGUE.
Feb. 12. 25

JULY 1868.

I HAVE just returned from
NEW YORK,
and am receiving many reasonable goods, which I will sell very cheap for cash or barter.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
July 24. 47

FRESH AND NEW GOODS.

WE are now receiving a full Stock of Drugs and Medicines.

Letter, Note, and Legal Envelopes, and Cap Paper, Sheet Paper, Fancy Lead Pencils, Pen Holders, Toilet Soap, Colognes, Pomades, Hair Oils, Hairs, Extracts, Lubin's Gessine Extracts, Fish Hooks, a large lot of Tooth Brushes, a splendid assortment of Pocket Knives, Razors, Razor Straps, Pipes, &c. &c. Call at the

DRUG STORE.
March 11 1868. 36

SAVE YOUR CABBAGE!!

CRESYLLO PLANT PROTECTORS!!!

WHICH will destroy all insects on plants; also will run off ants and roaches from your houses. And **CRESYLLO SOAP**, to cure Mange on Dogs, and Scratches on Horses, and Lice on Animals.

For Sale by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**
Feb. 12. 25

W. A. Gattis & Co.

Dealers in Confectionery, Family Groceries, &c. &c.

HILLSBOROUGH, N. C.

THE undersigned are all of the old **CONFECTIONERY STAND** where they will be pleased to serve their customers and the public generally. Will endeavor to keep constantly on hand a good assortment of Confectionaries, Cakes, Biscuits, Nuts, Figs, Lobsters, Pickles, &c. &c. Also, Pepper and Spice, Ginger, Powder and Shot, Saus, Tobacco, Herring, &c. &c.

We invite all to call and see us—the prices shall be right. We will take all kinds of country produce in exchange for goods.

W. A. GATTIS & Co.
August 14. 61

HILLSBOROUGH

CHEAP CASH

AND

BARTER STORE.

New Goods,

NOW READY

Cheaper than Jew or Gentle,

Wholesale and Retail.

Country Merchants, will be supplied at fair rates.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
Oct. 3. 27

A BEAUTIFUL White Kerosene Oil in one and five gallon Tin Cans, at the

DRUG STORE.

WALKING Cane, at the

DRUG STORE.

IF YOU want a good smoke, go to the

DRUG STORE.

A FULL Line of Paints and Dye Stuffs, at the

DRUG STORE.

WHEATON'S and other Itch Ointment, at the

DRUG STORE.

FISH Hooks, and Lines, Markles &c., at the

DRUG STORE.

A FINE Assortment of Pipes and Stems, some very fine, at the

DRUG STORE.

YOU will find a pretty lot of Jewelry, at the

DRUG STORE.

SEWING Machine Oil, a superior article at the

DRUG STORE.
April 2. 32

A FINE and full Assortment of Pen Scissors, at the

DRUG STORE.

POMATUMS, Hair Oils, Colognes and Extracts for the Handkerchief, at the

DRUG STORE.

HAIR brushes, Fox ket, Round, Fine and Dressing combs, at the

DRUG STORE.

WROSENE Lamps, Shades, Wicks, Burners and Chimneys, at the

DRUG STORE.

A P. Letter, Bill, Note and Legal Paper—Note and Letter Envelopes, at the

DRUG STORE.

POCKET Books and Port Monie Pocket Memo (random) Books, at the

DRUG STORE.

A GREAT variety of Tooth and Nail Brushes, and Toilet Soap, Honey Soap and Shaving, at the

DRUG STORE.

TO PHYSICIANS AND OTHERS.

WE have just received a full and complete stock of Drugs and Medicines, which will be sold low for cash. Call and see the prices, at the

DRUG STORE,
Cain's Corner.
April 11th. 32

WHOLESALE GROCERY,

NEWBORN, N. C.

Refers to J. M. Conway, 15 Park Place, New York, Wygant & Hunt, 68 Bay Street, James S. Woodward's Sons, 28 North Front Street, Philadelphia, W. B. Gule & George W. Swanson Bank, Raleigh, N. C., and R. M. Gates & Co., Charlotte, N. C.

December 4.

THE COMMON SENSE SEWING MACHINE.

CHINE.

PRICE \$20.000.

JAMES WEBB, Jr. & Co.
For Orange County.
Sept. 24. 67

2 DOZEN just received by **JAMES WEBB, Jr.**
Sept. 24. 67

1868. 1868

SPRING TRADE!

THE undersigned, following the trade with Merchants and others, who have secured him with their patronage, takes pleasure in announcing his friends and the public that he is now able to make a further deduction in the whole.

TIN WARE

and by using the best material and giving himself the use of the most improved Machine, he offers **TIN WARE, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,** of superior quality to any manufacturer of tin-ware in the State.

He still offers to take in exchange any kind of good barter, but does not want to sell Tin Ware, or any thing else, on time.

E. H. POGUE,
Hillsborough, N. C.

ON SALE.

2 KEGS Nails, by the Keg.
21 Boxes Nail, Virginia Belle,
200 Nails to box, \$15 00 per box,
or 10 cents per box.

Sheet Iron at 11 cents per pound,
Russia Sheet Iron at 25 cents per pound.
Sheet Zinc at 30 cents per pound.
200 lb. best Leaf Lead.

200 lbs. Sugars, assorted. 000,001
100 lbs. best Soda, to the 100,000
200 lbs. Coffee, best Rio.
Pepper, Spice and Ginger.
00 lbs. of very fine Chewing Tobacco.

For Sale by **E. H. POGUE,**
Hillsborough.

Feb. 12. 25

COOKING STOVES.

A GOOD assortment constantly kept on Sale Cheap. Special attention invited to Buck's Patent, the best stove in the market, warranted to give satisfaction in every instance.

Buck's Patent with Pipe, 1 unit, \$20.00
Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furnace No. 7 \$25.00
Buck's Patent with Pipe and Furnace No. 8 \$40.00
Will take Cash, or good Barter.

E. H. POGUE,
Hillsborough.

Feb. 12. 25

FRUITS, NUTS AND CANDIES.

JUST received fresh
ORANGE, LEMONS,
NUTS, RAISINS,
FIGS in large and small boxes. A full assortment Candies, Pickles, Crackers, Sardines, &c. &c., at the

DRUG STORE.
February, 27. 75

NOTICE TO TANNERS AND PAINTERS.

JUST received, best quality of **TANNER'S AND LINED OIL.**

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
Sept. 9th. 63

PURE RYE WHISKY,
Apple Brandy,
French Brandy,
Port Wine,
Madeira Wine, and
Gin, for Medical purposes, at the

DRUG STORE.

CLOVER and **LUCERNE SEED.** We will have Clover and Lucerne Seed in a few days at the

DRUG STORE.

BLUE STONE, at the

DRUG STORE.

CONGRESS WATER, at the

DRUG STORE.

MACE, Nutmegs, Cloves, Spice, Cinnamon, Ginger and Pepper, at the

DRUG STORE.

KEROSENE Lamp Chimneys, at the

DRUG STORE.

THE BEST Tonic in use, Elixir of Peruvia Bark with Protoside of Iron, at the

DRUG STORE.
September 12. 64

TO TANNERS.

I want light **UPPER LEATHER.**

I will sell it for you, or I will give Goods for it. Tanner's Oil, &c.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
August 28. 65

WANTED.

Good and Dry Hides, in Exchange for Goods.

JAMES WEBB, Jr.
Oct. 24. 66

TO THE LADIES.

WE have received a lot of Silver & Bone's Family Dyes, for dyeing Ribbons, Silks and Worsted Dresses, and other light goods. Also Soap Powders, for washing the same. Call on our samples, at the

DRUG STORE.
April 11th. 32

The HILLSBOROUGH RECORDER

BY DENNIS HEARTT.

At Two Dollars per annum, paid in advance.

Our Terms at present are \$2 per annum, or \$1 for six months, paid in advance.

Advertisements—One dollar per square for first insertion, and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion. A square is a space of 10 lines, or 100 words.

Will be made to liberal customers.